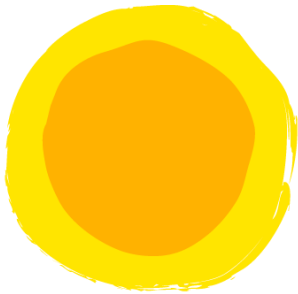


Discover Bangladesh!

Episode 1 and 2: Information Booklet



Welcome



B e a u t i f u l
Bangladesh



CHINA

NEPAL

BHUTAN

বাংলাদেশ

BANGLADESH

INDIA

MYANMAR
(BURMA)



Main rivers in Bangladesh





Dhaka ঢাকা

Sprawling along the Buriganga River, is the largest city and capital of Bangladesh, Dhaka



It's not just the traffic in the country's capital that is noisy, chaotic and colourful. With a population of at least 15 million – and more than 400,000 rickshaws – it is one of the largest and most densely populated cities in the world.



Bangladesh National Zoo was created in 1974, and is located in Dhaka , in the Mirpur section of the capital city of Bangladesh.
It is home to more than 2,000 animals from 165 species



Cox's Bazar Beach

কক্সবাজার জেলা,

This the longest uninterrupted natural beach in the world. It is a popular tourist spot. It stretches to a total of 120 kilometers (74 miles) in length and is without compare the country's biggest tourist attraction. Made up by the water of Bay-of-Bengal, this natural wonder is a must-see . It is located on the south east coast of Bangladesh, south of the City of Chittagong .



The little enclave of Saint Martin is like nowhere else in Bangladesh as this is the only coral island in the country.



Sylhet সিলেট

Srimangal, is located in Sylhet division in the north-east, is famous for its beautiful, terraced tea estates.



Srimangal is the tea-growing capital of Bangladesh.
The area is famous for its rains which help the tea to grow and you will find
many different plantations here





Located in the flourishing highlands of the north of the country, Sylhet is covered in tropical forests and tea plantations. This part of Bangladesh has a history that dates back 800 years and you will find Hindu shrines in Jafalong that are slowly being taken over by the shrubbery.

Sonargaon used to be a thriving trading centre but now it is something of a ghost town that straddles the Ganges. Here you will find eerie carved mansions and docks, old mosques, and jungle vines twisting in between everything.



This river town on the Ganges Delta is covered in fields of shrimp farms and rice paddies and if you make it here then be sure to check out the floating markets that sell local vegetables, fruits, and seafood.



Khulna

খুলনা

This is the third-largest city of Bangladesh.

Khulna is an old river port located on the Rupsha River. It is an important hub of Bangladeshi industry. It is the second largest seaport in the country. Here lies the Sundarban mangrove forest, one of the largest in the world. It is inscribed as The UNESCO World Heritage Centre as well as being known for being the home of royal Bengal tigers.



The Sundarbans

সুন্দরবন

Home to most of Bangladesh's remaining endangered royal Bengal Tigers – There is only an estimated 00 tigers left.



The Sundarbans is the largest mangrove forest on earth, and it sits in the world's largest river delta.

The Sundarbans is 6 times the size of Greater London.

Nearly half a million people depend on the Sundarbans for their livelihoods.

The giant Asian honeybees are one of the biggest and most aggressive bees in the world.



Shaah Gombuj Masjid ষাট গম্বুজ মসজিদ

Historic Mosque City of Bagerhat,
UNESCO World Heritage Site, completed in 1479 it has 77
domes.



Chittagong

চট্টগ্রাম

Chittagong is a major seaport, the natural harbour of the city is an ancient gateway to the region of Bengal. Chittagong is the second largest city of Bangladesh and contains most of the natural wonders of the country. It is situated between hill tracts and the sea bay of Bengal and in the bank of the river Karnaphuli.



Set amongst the beautiful Chittagong Hill Tracts is the mountain town of Rangamati which is a peaceful and relaxing alternative to many of Bangladesh's busy cities.



<https://joeliscurious.wordpress.com/2013/02/16/bangladesh-chittagong-and-the-shipbreaking-yards/>

A worker washes his hands in the river at a ship-breaking yard in Chittagong on August 19, 2009. Bangladesh is dependent on ship-breaking for its domestic steel requirements. The Chittagong ship breaking yard is a highly polluted coastal belt of 20 km. The number of accidents and casualties at the yard is believed to be the highest in the region, according to environmental organizations.



Rajshahi রাজশাহী

This is a metropolitan city in Bangladesh and a major urban, commercial and educational centre of North Bengal. It also boasts a world heritage site.



Somapura Mahavihara সোমপুর মহাবিহার

Paharpur পাহাড়পুর

is most well known for the Naogaon District, where you will find UNESCO World Heritage Site Ruins of the Buddhist Vihara called Somapura Mahavihara.



Rangpur

রংপুর

Rangpur is an industrial centre, noted for the manufacture of carpets, cigarettes and cigars. It also produces rice, jute tobacco, and cotton. It is home to the Tajhat Palace, Payrabanda Royal Palace, and many others



Rajshahi College is situated in the city centre, adjacent to Rajshahi Collegiate School and is very near to the famous Varendra Museum. It is said to be the third oldest institutions of higher education in Bangladesh after Dhaka College and Chittagong College. Established in 1873



Varendra Research Museum

বরেন্দ্র জাদুঘর

Considered the oldest Museum in Bangladesh and visitor attraction



Rangpur Zoo

রংপুর চিড়িয়াখানা



Barisal বরিশাল



The floating market in Durga Shohor along Shondha River is like a farmer's market, it is a fascinating, place with Backwater and the Guava Gardens.
As Bangladesh is



National Currency



National Bird and Flower of Bangladesh

Magpie Robin



Water Lily

National Fruit

Jack Fruit



Visit Bangladesh

**Come and see this
Beautiful Country!**